SPORTING MELANGE.

FURTHER PARTICULARS OF THE COLUM-BIAS' VICTORY AT PHILADELPHIA.

fo-Day's Game Between the Nationals and Cincinnati Unions-Results of Sames Played Elsewhere Yesterday-Racing at Chicago and Brighton Beach-The American Cricketers in England.

The Philadelphia papers have nothing but ordial praise for the splendid work of the Co-umbias in the race for the sharpless cup. Gib-on's steering especially comes in for universal gains, his skillful avoidance of some barges hat lay in the course receiving admirable com-aent. Speaking of the race, the Tracs says:
"So consident were the partisans of the uni-"So comident were the partisans of the university men yesterday that victory would really with the winners of the Childs and interollegiate races that bets of \$100 in their layer o \$50 for the field were freely offered, but ound few takers. Notwithstanding the record of Eistle, the stroke of the Atalania crew, the Sew Yorkers were not looked upon, as likely o take first place, and the Cresconts had no appetries outside of their own club. The victory of the Washingtonians was as unexpected at was deserved. The race was rowed over he old National course, from Falls of Schuyl-till to Rockland, one and a hair miles, straight was."

in the old National course, from Falls of Schuyltill to Rockland, one and a has miles, straight
the old National course, from Falls of Schuyltill to Rockland, one and a has miles, straight
the Schuse, of the Columbias, steered as if the
sourse were his own practice ground and the
blue-shirted crew went steadily ahead. A
neavily laden canal beat was skillnily avoided
and after the first half mile Columbia showed
are rudder to svery competitor. The college
trew forged ahead of Atalanta, which in turn
isfi the Crescents behind. The positions thus
pained were held to the firstsh. As the mile
was reached it became evident that the race
was between Columbia and the University
men. Eustis, in the Atalanta's boat, stackened
his stroke and his men began to show the
affects of a lack of training. The University
floys rowed a 85 stroke, while Washington's
representatives kept up a pace that seemed
almost a continuous spurt. The Crescents
pulled in very ragged form. Approaching defeat had demorralized them. Peters islandsaw (olumbia holding her lead well, the other
grews following in procession.

Anoble spurt, in which the stroke was run up
to 47, sent the Washington men across the line,
winners by nearly two lengths, in 85082. The
college crew followed in 81124. Atalanta was
a length behind, with Crescent two or three
lengths further to the rear. The time of the
two latter crews was not taken. The time
was remarkable for this course. It is much
better than that of the Dauntiess eight in 1880
(8m. 68s.) At Washington, D. C., Sept. 9, 18st.
in August of last year, the Metropolitar's
eight did the distance in 7 minutes and 51
seconds. The Schuykilli course is slower than
either of these.

As a matter of record the names, weights,
and positions of the crews participating in the
affair are given.

Columbia, 69 washington—west station.

and positions of the affair are given.
COLUMBIA, OF WASHINGTON—WEST STATION.
LD.

1	bs
A. A. Snyder, bow W. H. Arnold, 2 Q. Mackall, 3	16
F. H. Way, 5	$\frac{14}{16}$
J. C. Kondrup, 6	18 18
P. A. Nute, stroke	12
ATALANTA, OF NEW ACCOR.—NO. 2 STATION	٠
W. Sheldon, bow W. Bryon, 2 E. Stewart, 3	14
R. Bryon, 4	19
F. Walters, 6	15
J. E. Enstis, stroke E. P. K. Coffin, coxswain Average of crew	11 15
UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA-NO. 3 STATE	
W. Dickerson, bow	18
R. McCall, 3	35
C. E. Lindsay, 6	12
G. Sergeant, Jr., stroke	10
Average of crew	83

CRESCENT BOAT CLUB-EAST STATION CAESCINT BOAT CL.
E. Faber, bow.
J. M. Sullender, 2.
E. Hatlowell, 5.
Milliken, jr., 4.
W. P. Wallace, 5.
M. W. Phillips, 6.
C. P. Tasker, 7.
J. M. Andrews, stroke.
C. E. Steel, cosawain.
Average of orew.
The Sharpless cup w

Wallace Ross and John Toemer have signed Wallace Ross and John Teemer have signed articles of agreement to row a single scull race of four miles at Oak Point on the 2d of August for \$1,000 a side and two-thirds of the gate recepts, to be given by Pilkington & sage, who desire to wipe out the diagrace placed by Courtney upon their splendid race course. The winner is to take the whole of the stakes and two-thirds of the gate money, and the loser one-third of the gate money. Ross is now at Oak Point, and he will remain their until after the race. If he wins be will endeavor to get up a match with Hanlan, to row over the same course.

This afternoon the last championship game of the present series between the Nationals and Cincinnati Unions will be played at Capitol park. The splendid games played this week between the two clubs, together with the uniform success of the home nine, should operate to bring out one of the largest crowds of the season. The Nationals will put the strongest nine in the field, with Voss as pitcher and Gunson catcher. Bradiety will pitch for the visitors, and Manager O'Leary, it is rumored, will don his uniform and go into the field with his boys to see if he cannot bring about a change of their luck.

YESTERDAY'S GAMES.

Reading—Active, 8. Trenton, 9.

Reading—Active, 8. Trenton, 9. Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 8; New York, , Allentown—Allentown, 10; Domestic 3. Providence—Providence, 2: Boston, 0. Boston—Chicago Unions, 10; Boston Unions,

Philadelphia—Keystone, 16; Kansas City, 4. Cleveland—Buffalo, 19; Cleveland, 2. Detroit—Chicago, 2, Detroit, 4. Toledo—Athletic, 5; Toledo, 2.

Hacing.
Chicago, July II.—The extra day's racing at Vashington Fark attracted a large attendance. The weather was warm and the track fast. First race—Fune, \$500, for maiden 2-year flas, three-quarters of a mile. Thistic wor, old Ban second, and Ultimatum third. Time, 17.

1:17. Second race—Purse, \$500, selling allowances, one mile and a quarter. Breechloader won, Chill second, and Utalie third. Time, 2:12. Third race—Purse, \$500, for maiden 3-year olds, one mile and an eighth. Topsawyor won, savanna second, and Tony Pastor third.

Savanna second, and Tony Pastor third. Time, 2:015.

Fourth race—Purse \$500, for all ages, selling silowances, mile heats. First heat—Centre-ville won, Chantilly second, Dick Brown third, and Fisherman distanced. Time, 1:556. Second heat—Musk won, Bonnie Bird second, Edwin A third, and Elaine distanced. Time, 1:557. Third heat—Musk and Centreville ran locked to the head of the stretch, where Centerville draw out and won by a length. Time, 1:58. The winner was not sold.

Fifth nec—For horses that have run and not won during the meeting, with allowances, mile and a half. John Davis won, Australian second, and Bob Cook third. Time, 2:52.

New York, July 11.—Brighton Beach races. First race—For non-winners, seven furlones. Riddle won, Bouncer second, Quebec third. Time, 1:52.

Time, 132. Second race—Selling allowances, one mile and a furlong. King Tom won, Arsenic second, Charley Fiske third. Time, 22015.

Third race—For all ages, three-fourths of a mile. King Lion won, Istelle second, Baron Taverot third. Time, 137.

Fourth race—For maldens of all ages, one mile. MeGinty won, Jennings second, Regret third. Time, 147.

Fifth race—For maidens of all ages, one nile. Americus won, Quixote and J. W. White ran a dead heat for second place. Time, 145.

The Capital City Gun Club.

The regular weekly medal match of the apital City Gun club was shot yesterday ternoon on the grounds of the club at the one estate with the following result:

At Mystic Park, Boston, yesterday Aladdin won the 2:50 trot. Time, 2:394, 2:30, and 2:384

Forest Patchen won the free-for-all tret, Time, 2:215, 2:22, and 2:224.

At the Chicago Driving club's meeting Jay-Eye-See trotted to beat the record, but did not succeed. He went to the quarter in 0:21%, half, 1:20%; three-quarters, 1:25%, but foil of in the last quarter, making his fille in 2:15%, one second slower than the record of Maud S, and a half second slower than his own.

Cricket.

HOW THEY LIKE IT.

Comments on the Nomination by Statesmer

Lingering in Washington. The interest in the news from Chicago cemed to become more intense yesterday with the increase in the importance contingent upon the imminence of the nomination of the candidates. The news as it was received was dissected and discussed in detail. No mercy was shown John Kelly by either party, and his defeat was halled with delight, though the democrats seemed to doubt the expediency

merry was shown John Kelly by either party, and his defeat washalied with delight, though the democratis seemed to doubt the expediency of antageonizing him, the republicans being satisfied that a spill in the New York democracy was the certain result of the nomination of Cleveland.

"I don't like the way McDonald was treated," said one of the leading district democrats. "He was slanghtered in the house of his friends. If it had been necessary to atome for the 'fraud' of 1876 why not have placed Hendricks at the head of the ticket?"

The tariff-reform democrats seemed rather disgruntled at having no recognition, either in the platform or ticket. With these few exceptions the nomination seemed equally acceptable to republicans and democrats, but for diametrically opposite reasons.

Representative 8. S. Cox expressed his entire content with the choice of the convention. Gov. Cleveland, he said, was a man of shility, and one for whom he felt a high personal reregard. The nominee would carry New York as surely as McDonald or Hendricks, if nominated, would not oppose Cleveland, he way york as surely would not oppose Cleveland, have york as surely as McDonald or Hendricks, if nominated, would not oppose Cleveland, have york as surely as McDonald or Hendricks, if nominated, would not oppose Cleveland, have york as surely as McDonald or Hendricks, if nominated, would not oppose Cleveland, have york as surely as McDonald or Hendricks, if nominated, would not oppose the total ludiana. John Kelly would not oppose the tariff plank the nonser hand of Abram S. Hewitt. As a consistent revenue reformer that plank met with his hearitest approval. It was exactly what the revenue reformer that plank met with his hearitest approval. It was exactly what the revenue reformer that plank met with his hearitest approval. It was an able document.

Representative Holman, of Indiana, regarded the

sequence, and predicted that that gentleman would in the end be found working for the democratic hominee. Gov. Cleveland stood an excellent chance of carrying Massachusetts, was certain of carrying New York, and almost equally sure of carrying the country.

Representative Lowry, of Indiana, said that, in his opinion, the democratic ticket would carry that state. He said: "Cleveland's position is misunderstood. It is the most difficult thing in the world for the executive of New York to adapt himself to the different divisions of the party in the state. There are so many condicting interests that a bold and upright man, intent on discharging his duties according to his convictions, must necessarily create enemies. His veto of the elevated railroad full was the necessary result of the enforcement of the existing provisions of the law. The law provided that there should be no legislative interference with fares unless the capital stock was paying more than 10 per cent. The tarify plank in the platform would be acceptable to the democrats of Indiana."

Gen. Robert E. Colston, ex-confederate brigadler, said: "I don't think the ticket will excite much enthusiasm. I would have preferred Thurman. We will have a devil of a time in New York with Kelly."

Ex-Congressman Descendorf, of Virginia, said: "I don't know, though I have a plan by which we could sweep the state, but no one seems willing to give it a trial."

Congress G. D. Wies, of Virginia, said: "The strongest man we could have; he will sweep Virginia. The planform, too, suits me; it has the Virginia tariff plank in it almost entire.

Said Congressman W. R. Gox, of North Carolina again—on paper and on the stump."

Dr. W. O. Baldwin said: "I would be willing to swap kelly and his pen off for three inde-

Dr. W. O. Baldwin said: "I would be willing for swap Kelly and his men off for three inde-pendent republicans; Cleveland will carry New York and the country." Hon. William Lawrence, of Ohio, remarked:

Kentucky: "I don't want to say anything. The ticket was none of my making."

Gen. Rosecrans, in an interview last night at his home, was told by the reporter that Hendricks had received every vote in the convention for vice president on the first ballot, and seemed somewhat surprised, but at once asked if Hendricks had accepted the nomination. Being asked what he thought of the ticket he evaded the question by asking how it was received by the people here, and when told that republicans were perfectly satisfied with it, as an easy one to beat, he said it could not be better for that party, and the people would be apt to have the idea that the convention was run in the republican interests.

the convention was run in the republican interests.

In answer to the question as to whose nomination would have been stronger, he said Thurman was a strong man and could carry Ohio to begin with. "I could have swept the country if nominated. I have held large commands and important positions of great responsibility, and the recopic trust and have confidence in me. If thad been nominated my old soldiers would have stood by me-all that served with me from the campaign in West Virginia. Besides the soldier vote, with which alone I could carry Ohio, the young generation of soldiers' sons would be with me. I know this for I have been talked with about it, although I never wanted the presidency, it is a great responsibility and a thankless place.

"If a soldier had been nominated, or even

the solder vote, which will now sweep over to Logan."

An Indiana friend of Gen. Rosecrans present, when told that Hendricks left the convention before the vote, said. "He's at his old tricks again. That will make McDonald and his friends sulk, and Indiana will go 15,000 republican."

Gen. Rosecrans brightened up when asked about the platform, and said it was a strong one, one that any good man can stand on fairly. "It is, in fact," he said, "an opitome of the principles presented in my speech on the tariff."

Senator Cockrell said: "I have all the time

"It is, in fact," he said, "an opitome of the principles presented in my speech on the tarift."

Senator Cockrell said: "I have all the time said Cleveland was the strongest and most available man, and I have helioved he would make a most excellent president."

Senator Garland said: "Without disparagement to any of the distinguished and meritorious gouliemen who were candidates before the convention—they were all first class men—I believe the manination of Gov. Cleveland is the very best under the circumstances which could have been made. The country will now be presented with a fair and square issue between the two parties in the persons of Mr. Biatine and Gov. Cleveland." Regarding Mr. Hendricks, Mr. Garland said:

"From long public service, and a life of study and reflection, he is one of the best men of affairs in our country; indeed he would grace the head of the ticket in every respect, and one strong recommendation of the ticket is, it is made up of the very highest type of men, and is able and commanding either way you can take it. If the country cannot indorse these names for the two highest places in the government, the party can present none that would be indorsed. I think the platform is a conservative and wise document, and one which appeals most strongly to the country upon all the proper, substantial, and legitimate questions that should enter into the campaign."

Representive Herbert, of Alabama, said he considered the platform admirable, and the

ingon all the proper, substantial, and logitumate questions that should enter into the campaign."

Representative Herbert, of Alabama, said he
considered the platform admirable, and the
nominess no less so. The former could not
have been better, and the latter were the
strongest mea who had been presented to the
convention.

Representative R. W. Townshend, of Illinois,
said: "I think the ticket is very strong. I believe it will carry New York and Indiana,
which of course means that it will be elected.
The dissensions in New York will soon disappear. They are of a local character, and are
mainly due to a personal hostility to Cleveland, and do not affect his integrity or his fitness as a national executive. His triumph is a
victory over bossism, and his nomination is
the first choice of the vast majority of the people next to Tildem. He will receive the votes
of as large a number of independent or dissenting republicans as any one we could have
homitated. The nomination of Hendricks is
very fortunate. He is unquestionably the most
popular candidate that could have been
named in indiana, and as a part of and representative of the old ticket will strengthen the
tleket in all the states.

Gen. Thomas M. Browne, of Indiana, Senator
Hawley. Senator Mandorson, and Congressman Calkins, when informed of the nomination of Gov. Cleveland, apoke of hits in terms
of personal respect, but expressed considence
in the ability of the republicans to elect their
ticket.

Last chance to see Cincinnati's to-day. 4:30.

WHO IS THE LADY!

A Supposed Washington Lady Palls Suddenly. Sick and Speechless Upon the Train, The following telegram from an official of the Baltimore and Poteniae railroad at Baltimore was received here last evening by Mr

A lady was taken sink on the limited expresbetween Washington and Baltimore, on to 0th, and was taken in the western sleeper b oth, and was taken in the western sleeper before she reached Baltimore, she had a small big with her, and was ticketed to Williamsport, Pa., and her bengare was checked to the same point. She grew worse after leaving Baltimore, and we were robliged to send her to the hospital at Harristing, where she now is. The only thing she has said was that the boy was her son, and that his name was Johnny Ragan. In her pocket was found a phial containing medicine prescribed by Dr. Lincoln, of Washington, and the number of the prescription is 15,302, and it was put up by Nairn & Ogram, drugglets, Filteenth street and New York avenue northwest. Washington. Will you please see what you can learn in regard to her, and advise soon, and if she has friends have some of them go to her, as she is in much condition that no intelligence can be gotten from her.

The prescription given to the mysterious lady was found at Nairn & Ogram's, and Mr. Nairn reinembered the lady wino had it put up. He said she was a tall, rather handsome lady, about 30 years old, well dressed, and with a peculiar, dark comploxion, which caused him to remember her. Another circumstance which fixed her in his mind was a title conversation. When the medicine was

par up. 1e said sac was a bill, rather handsome indy, about 30 years oid, well dressed,
and with a peculiar, dark complexion, which
caused him to remember her. Another cirgeneration when the medicine was
little conversation. When the medicine was
put up she asked, "How shall I take this?"
"The directions are on the bottle," replied
Mr. Nairn.
"But suppose I can't read it," said she.
Then Mr. Nairn removed the wrapper from
the bottle andread it to her. He had no recollection whatever of the lady or the prescription.
It is supposed that she is a Washington lady,
and the railroad officials are very anxious to
find her friends. Fearing that her sudden and
aiarming illness might have been caused by
taking all of the medicine, which contained
some powerful drugs, at once, instead of according to directions. Mr. Sharp telegraphed
the contents of the prescription to the hospital
physician at Harrisburg last night, and also
telegraphed instructions to send for her trunks,
which had gone to Williamsport, open them,
and find out who she was.

There is plenty of mystery in the case at
present, and there may be romance, but it is
more probably one of those accidents likely
enough to happen where a lonely traveler becomes suddenly too sick to reveal identity and
has no card or letter upon the person to perform that service.

THE MIDDLETON FAILURE. Gen. Frank Morey Appointed Receiver of the

Bankrupt Concern.
The bill of Mrs. Eliza M. Hutchinson against The bill of Mrs. Eliza M. Hutchinson against Middleton & Co. and others came on for a hearing yesterday in the equity court, before Justice MacArthur, on a motion for the appointment of a receiver for the bank, an account, and to set aside certain conveyances which had been made. Messrs. Wm. B. Webb and Enoch Totten appeared for Mrs. Hutchinson, Messrs. Gordon and Gordon for the assignee, and Measrs. Nat Wilson, L. G. Hine, P. F. Larner, James Coleman, J. S. Bradford, Robt. Christy, and Hagner & Maddox for the creditors named as defendants.

Mr. Webb, in speaking for the complainant, said they were satisfied that a case could not be maintained as to the real estate, and they would consent to a dismissal of the parties holding it. This done, he thought there would be no opposition to the appointing of a receiver as to the partnership assets, and he named Gen. Frank Morey as the choice of a number of creditors.

Mr. J. H. Gordon thought there should be first shown some cause for removing the assignee.

Mr. Webb sald that the integrity of Mr.

signee.

Mr. Webb said that the integrity of Mr. Green had not been impugned, but that he had been the confidential clerk of the firm for a number of years, and was not the proper man for assignee. He then referred to the fact that the schedule showed \$170,600 of overdrafts, and said examination showed that this arose from losses on stock margins and was put down as overdrafts.

Mr. Gordon read a portion of the assignee's answer, in which he denied any knowledge of fraud or his incompetency.

Judge Mac Arthur said it would never do to appoint the confidential bookkeeper, the receiver of a bankrupt firm, and to deny the application made would virtually continue the assignee as receiver.

A number of petitions were those presented asking the appointment of Gen. Morey. In answer to an inquiry of the court, Col. Totten said that the assets were \$65,000 out of \$500,000, and only a few dollars remained in the safe.

The judge said that he would appoint Mr. Morey as receiver, and fix the bond at \$100,000, which he subsequently reduced to \$75,000. He paid a compliment to Mr. Green, and did not doubt his honesty, but thought it best that some other person should hold the receiver-vices he had rendered.

BRICE BEATS DEATH.

He Blesses and Gives Thanks to Everybody for a Longer Lease of Life.

It was just 3:50 o'clock yesterday morning, when Warden Crocker arrived at the jail with the official notification of Brice's commutation, which the President signed at 1:30 o'clock, "An easy ticket to beat.
Said Congressman J. C. S. Blackburn, of Kentucky: "I don't want to say anything.

Brice was brought from his cell to the rotunda. of the jail, and when he had taken his seat at of the jall, and whon he had taken his seat at a small table, around which were grouped the guards and newspaper reporters, Gen Crocker read the letter commanding him to defar the execution. Brice listened with bowed band, and his whole frame trembled with

defer the execution. Brice listened with bowed head, and his whole frame trembled with emotion.

When the reading had finished he sprang from his chair, and, going around to the warden, said: "God bless you, general, I now know it is true." He had been previously informed, but told his informants, two young newspaper messengers, that he did not believe that it was true. Brice sat in the corridor and talked with those about him, saying that he had given up all hopes, but that he was glad it was true. Brice sat in the corridor and talked with those about him, saying that he had given up all hopes, but that he was glad it was true. His spirits rose wille sitting there, and he gave a graphic description of the killing of Washington."

I guess a good many people will be disappointed, "said one of the reporters.

"Yes," responded Brice, "and some of the colored people on the Island will not go to a funeral to-day as they thought they would."

He returned to his cell about 5 o'clock, but not to sleep, as every few minutes he would give thanks in a loud tone until in a short time every prisoner knew that there "ain't goin' to be no hangin' to-day." He said he had nothing to give the lawyers and other gentlemen who had interested themselves except thanks and prayers, but he was grateful. His spiritual advisers went to the jallearly and held a thanksgiving service.

People who do not read THE REPUBLICAN, and who held passes, began to arrive early, and the gnards kept up the looke by telling them to walk in and that they were just in time. They soon discovered that they were just in time. They soon discovered that they were just in time. They soon discovered that they were to be disappointed, and Brice laughed heartly when they hurried to the scaffold. The commutation papers were sent to the warden yesterday, and Brice will in a few days go to the pentientary for life.

Regulations For Recognition of Attorneys.

The following regulations governing the recognition of attorneys before the pension, particularly and other bureaus of the interior department have been promulgated:

"Under the authority conferred on the sec-

retary or the interior by the act of July 4, 1884, it is hereby prescribed that an attorney-at-law who desires to represent a claimant before the department or one of its bureaus, shall file a certificate under the seal of a United States, state, or territorial court, that he is an attorstate, or territorial court, that he is an attorney in good standing. An agent or other person who desires to represent a claimant before the department or one of its bureaus, shall file a certificate duly authenticated from a judge of a United States, state, or territorial court that such agent or other person is of good moral character and in good repute, possessed of the necessary qualifications to enable him to render such claimant valuable service or otherwise competent to advise and assist such claimant in the presentation of his or her claim. The name of the attorney admitted to practice before the department shall be entered on a book kept for the purpose. The secretary may demand additional proof of qualifications, and reserves the right to deciine to recognize any sittorney, agent, or other person applying to represent claimants under this rule.

under this rule.

Our, \$9 blue Righth serge suits was a lot of over 500 several weeks ago. There are very few left and they are mostly small sizes. A few more days will close them out.

Elseman Bros., Corner Seventh and E.

Appointments by the Chief Justice. torney for the western district of North Carotorney for the western district of North Caro-lina and Thomas B. Keogh to be United States marshal for the same district, to fill vacancies caused by the expiration of their terms, no nominations haying been made to provide for these vacancies during the late session of con-

See Moses & Son's auction adv. in the Star.

No Pay Will be Lost. Lawrence, first comptroller, has de Indige Lawrence, first comprision acts recently close tin lad the states.

Gen. Thomas M. Browne, of Indiana, Senator Hawley, Senator Manderson, and Congressman Calkins, when informed of the nomination of Gov. Cleveland, spoke of him in terms of personal respect, but expressed confidence in the ability of the republicans to elect their ticket.

Last chance to see Cincinnati's to-day, 4:30.

Judge Lawrence, first comprision acts recently expected that the appropriation acts recently for uniform overceats, and want to get rid of the full annual salaries of all officers wantibe ulster pastern adopted for uniform overceats, and want to get rid of the broad stripes now worn on the trousers and return to the neat well in the seam which are have been increased, and under his decision officers when the last of July.

Col. S. N. Benjamin, U. S. A., has gone to see the full annual salaries of all officers in office on the lat of July.

Col. S. N. Benjamin, U. S. A., has gone to see the full annual salaries of all officers wantibus under the payment of the full annual salaries of all officers wantibus under the payment of the full annual salaries of all officers wantibus under the payment of the full annual salaries of all officers wantibus under the payment of the full annual salaries of all officers wantibus under the payment of the full annual salaries of all officers wantibus under the payment of the full annual salaries of all officers wantibus under the payment of the full annual salaries of all officers wantibus under the payment of the full annual salaries of all officers wantibus under the payment of the full annual salaries of all officers wantibus under the payment of the full annual salaries of all officers wantibus under the payment of the full annual salaries of all officers wantibus under the payment of the full annual salaries of all officers wantibus under the payment of the broad stripes now worn on the trousers and return to the neat well in the salary was formed.

Col. S. N. Benjamin, U. S. A., has gon

THE DISTRICT REVENUES. Excess of Tax Receipts Over th

Amounts Estimated. wing comparative statement of th estimates and receipts of the district govern-ment for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884, shows that the citizens of the district were more prompt in the discharge of their obliga-tions under the assessment and levies, both for real and personal taxes, than was anticipated; while the receipts from licenses, markets, and building permits indicates a large increase in the business of the district over the previous year. The amount received for dog tax proves that there are over four thousand canines whom their owners consider of sufficient value to pay \$2 a year to prevent their being gathlied by the poundmaster. The statement is as follows:

Sources of reve-	Estimates.	Receipts.
Realty tax, levy 1885-'84	\$1,093,714 48	\$1,156,194 27
Personal tax, levy 1883-'84	111,000 00	150,261 45
Arrears, 1883 and prior years	125,000 00 16,500 00 20,000 00 3,700 00	801,750 77 154,181 61 17,290 96 84,564 01 5,712 50
Rent D. C. property Tax certificates Dog tax Miscellaneous	1 2,200 00 1,800 00 3,000 00	4,307 76 1,749 56 8,090 37 9,492 60
Totals	\$1,783,992 24	\$1,826,602 79

to be made Oct. I, 1882, twenty-one months be-fore the revenue could be finally collected. The increased amount of personal tax is due to a more effective execution of the law for their collection. Expectations as to the amount that could be relied upon from taxes in ar-rears were not realized. Receipts of all other revenues, except a trifling amount for tax cer-tificates, have exceeded the estimates.

THE CAMPAIGN AT HOME.

Logan Club Meeting. The Wesst End Blaine and Logan club a meeting last night with E. A. Savoy in the chair. Mr. George W. Stewart, chairman of the campaign committee, reported that he chair. Mr. George W. Stewart, chairman of
the campaign committee, reported that he
had received 400 speeches on the tariff from
Hon. J. S. Morrill, of Vermont; also 200
speeches on the Fiz-John Porter case from
Hon. Charles F. Manderson, of Nebraska. On
motion of B. B. Paul a vote of thanks was
umanimously tendered those gentlemen. Letters were also received in answer to communications sent by the club from Hon. James G.
Blaine, Gen. John A. Logan, Hon. William H.
Caikins, Hon. Thomas M. Bayne, and others.
An invitation was received from Col. P. H.
Carson, president of the Blaine and Logan
club, of East Washington, inviting the club to
assist in the raising of a flag on Tuesday next.
The following honorary members of the club
were invited to escort the club:
Prof. J. M. Gregory, Hon. Wm. N. Stevens,
Hon. P. K. Jones, Hon. J. C. Wilson, Dr. S. LeCourt Cook, D. W. Atwood, Hon. J. D. Dean,
H. S. Smith, D. S. Brandon, J. D. Dean, W. S.
Gordon, Jessie Lawson, O. L. Skipwith, John
E. Purdy, W. R. Davis, Jr., J. W. Cromwell, G.
H. Richardson, A. K. Rodie, Charles Syphax,
Alonzo Lewis, L. O. Posey, J. A. Johnson,
Spencer Murray, E. T. Harris, J. Jude, M. F.
Hamilin, C. A. Lemar, W. A. Stewart, Ralph
Singleton, Thomas H. Vance, D. H. Stewart,
C. A. Stewart, Ralph
Singleton, Thomas H. Vance, D. H. Stewart,
On motion of C. C. Freeman a vote of thanks
was tendered to The Natronau Republican
for publishing the proceedings of the meetlings.

THE POSTAGE STAMP STEALER. He Confesses that He Took \$1,000 Worth-

He is Sent to Jall. Hermann Bruggeman, alias Bergmann, whose detection in the theft of postage stamps, while a member of the committee to see that damaged ones were duly destroyed, which was noted in yesterday's REPUBLICAN, was arrested

damaged ones were duly destroyed, which was noted in yesterday's REPUBLICAN, was arrested by Inspector Sharpe yesterday morning. He at first denied his guilt, but afterward confessed to having stolen about \$1,000 worth. There were found at his house, on N street, sheets of stamps of a value of \$700. In his confession he stated teat he had sold some of them to Mr. E. C. Reed, who keeps the newstand at the Ebbits, but it is understood that four or five other storekeepers, and others will be proved to have been purchasers.

Bruggennan was taken to the police court and in desauts of sail was committed to jail to await the action of the grand jury.

Bruggennan was and a member of the Ninth Street Presbyterian church, as was erroneously stated in an afternoon paper, but of the Assembly Presbyterian church.

Mr. Reed states that Bruggemann sold him stamps on two occasions, \$50 worth each time. He got them, for 2 per cent, of from face value. He says that he told Bruggemann that if he had not come by the stamps honestly he would have nothing to do with them. Bruggemann told him that he had come by them honestly. Not knowing that the sailer was a clerk in the postofice department, Reed had no means of knowing that the had stolen the stamps.

BURNED TO A CRISP.

Disastrous Fire by Which Four Lives Are Lost and Four Persons Badly Injured. BRADFORD, PA., July 11.-The most disastrous fire in the history of Bradford occurred at an early hour this morning. By it four persons

re burned to death, four others badly injured, two it is believed fatally, and ten buildings were destroyed. The fire originated buildings were destroyed. The fire originated in the bakery of Mrs. Charles Reibly, and spread so rapidly that May and Lizzle Reibly, and a spread so rapidly that May and Lizzle Reibly, aged 2 and 6 years, respectively, and a Swedish servant girl, was suffocated and burned to a crisp. Mrs. Reibly in her efforts to rescue her children was terribly burned, and died shortly after being taken from the burning building. Lens Gerwitz and Mary Touthey were asleep when the fire broke out, but made their escape by jumping from a window. Both were severely injured, and Miss Touthey it is thought will die. John Holdin and H. Garwich were also badly hurt. The latter is the father of Mrs. Reibly. The buildings destroyed were mostly frame structures and were occupied as stores. The loss is estimated at over \$10,000. Charles Reibly, the husbaed and father of the victims, was drowned two weeks ago, and by the fire to-day the entire family was swept from the face of the earth.

Consuls Recognized. The President has recognized J. C. Baum-berger as consul of the Swiss confederation at Louisville, Ky., and Roman de Bosen consul general of Russia at New York.

Championship game to-day, Capitol park. LATE LOCAL ITEMS.

Mr. and Mrs. John P. Moore, of New York has a suite of rooms at Willard's. Gen. James Oakes, U. S. A., has gone with his family to Bedford Springs, Pa. Mrs. R. Roche and child and Mr. Charles H. Roche, of St. Louis, are at Willard's.

J. A. Parlett and W. E. Huntington, of New York, were among the arrivals at Willard's The river steamer Mattano, which broke her starboard wheel shaft this week while down the river, is being repaired at the navy yard.

Lieut. E. W. Sturdy, U. S. N., of this city, has just published "A Practical Guide to the Navigator," which reviewers speak very highly of.

Gen. John P. Hatch, colonel 2d cavalry, with five troops of his regiment, reached Fort Walls Walla, Wash. T., June 30, from Montana, to

The National Rifles will give their excursion to Marchall Hall on Monday evening next by the steamer Corooran. The boat will leave her wharf at 6:30. Lieut Mariou P. Maus, 1st infantry, who is now on signal service duty, will shortly be ordered to his regiment, in Arisona. He isse resident of this city.

The retirement of Maj. Frank Bridgman, U. S. A. which took place Thursday, does not create a vacancy of paymaster, the recent army bill baving reduced the pay corpa. Army officers want the ulster pattern adopted for uniform overcoats, and want to get rid of the bread stripes now worn on the trousers and return to the neat welt in the seam which was formerly used.

WAITING FOR MARKET DAY. cenes in the Rear of the Market

Rouse on Friday Night. "Put them taters right chere," said as old woman wearing a calico sun-bonnet. to a frowsy-headed urchin at the rear of the Center market dast night, and the boy "put them taters" there. The old woman was seated in a wagon which was surmounted by an old canvas cover.

The animal that went with this outfit was an old blind mule, who moved with slow and labored step when awake

was an old blind mule, who moved with slow and labored step when swake. When saleep his breathing was as soft as that of a child, and the frowsy headed boy grew tired of laying on the fence rail to swake him. The old women descended from the wagon, and after seeing "them taters," told Josh to "bring out them 'ere cabbages."

Heries in huge pails, tomatoes bright and large, corn in yellow husks, and all varieties of early regetables followed next until the sidewalk for two yards square was transformed into a miniature farm. The woman then produced an old clay pipe upon which the soil of many seasons lingered, and announced to Josh she would smoke. Josh pinched the end from a twist of a light brown "brand" of country tobacco and filled the pipe.

He then produced a match, seemingly from the bottom of his trousers, for his hand was shoved into an aperture to his clow, and lighted the pipe, puffing it himself and giving it to the old woman. The latter coaxed considerable satisfaction from the dirty pipe, while the boy produced an aged and soiled blanket and lay down, and soon his loud breathing told that he was saleep.

Other wagons came meanwhile, and a similar performance was enacted a dozen times. By 9 o'clock the whole length of the street was lined with vehicles of heterogeneous variety, and a passer by was compelled to move cautiously, lest he should stumble over the prostrate form of a sleeping rustic, or fall against the wares of the sleepers.

By the side of the center door of the market lay two prone figures. One was white, but to identify the other soap would have been necessary. The latter was smoking a pipe, while the former breathed laboriously and tossed about in a restless manner. He of the pipe kicked the white boy with a "why cance keep still?"

The white boy swoke, and said in a gruff voice. "Lemme lone. I ain't doing the street was lined."

The white boy awoke, and said in a gruff voice, "Lemme lone, I ain't doing nothin' to you." His tormentor kicked him again, and the white boy struck him in the nose, drawing blood. The howl of the injured one was loud. He sprang up, and, running to an old gray-haired woman, said that "Tommy" had licked him. The woman wiped his nose, and after putting away his pipe, the boy returned to where the other was aleeping and lay

A group of men whose attire and ac-tions stamped them as farmers stood at the corner smoking and discussing the crops and politics. "Cleveland ain't the workingman's friend, and won't be elected," said one.

to where the other was sleeping and lay

"Cleveland ain't the workingman's friend, and won't be elected," said one. The others assented, and then one remarked that the "craps weren't a bit hurted by the shower." They then relapsed into silence, and one by one dropped out of the group, and, going to some part of the street near their wagons, lay down and were soon asleep.

Over by the Smithsonian grounds a man was preaching. He uttered crude aphorisms in a shrill voice, and around him stood half a score of men and boys with bared heads. He talked of everything, but the theme of his discourse was religious, and some of his similies were ludicrous and entertaining. When he had finished his discourse he sang a song.

A policeman would stray in his direction occasionally, and after stopping for a moment or two would thread his way through the figures on the pavements and the merchandise and go around the corner whistling, "At the Market on Saturday Night."

By midnight the scene on the street was a peaceful one. Even the old mule slept, and the only noise was that made by the policeman or the occasional bray of some animal.

National vs. Cincinnati to-day, 4:30.

National vs. Cincinnati to-day, 4:30.

The National Atheneum. Other The National Library and Scientific issociation The National Library and Scientific issocia-tion has changed its name to the National Atheneum, and has filed a certificate of in-corporation, with the following gentlemen as Incorporators: Matthew G. Emory, Dr. Thomas Taylor, William Saunders, Prof. Theo. Gill, Prof. G. B. Goode, J. R. Dodge, E. T. Peters, A. L. Sturtevant, J. C. G. Kennedy, Gen. J. A. Dumont, L. J. Duprez, and Dr. Tuillo de Suzzarve Verdi. The number of trustees for the first year is stated to be nine, and the term of the corporation, under a recent law, is 160 years. The officers elected for the first year years. The officers elected for the first year are: President, Matthew G. Emery; vice president, Dr. Verdi; treasurer, George H. B. White, secretary, Thomas I. Gardner; custodian. J. C. Lang.

THE REDUCTION IN PRICES has affected out alloring department in the same proportion at the ready made. We are making pants to order 34, 85, and 80, former price 38, 39, and 80 EISEMAN BROS., Corner Seventh and E.

Wedding Bells. Mr. Charles S. H. Lashborn, a well-known plate printer, was married quietly at 8 o'clock on Thursday evening to Miss Jeannette De on Thursday evening to Miss Jeannette De Neal at the parsonage of Christ Eptscopal church, on G street, near Sixth, on the Navy Yard, the rector of the church, Rev. Dr. Andrews, performing the ceremony. After the ceremony the wedded couple went at once to their new home, wisely ignoring the prevalent custom of going away to make a wedding trip. Both the contracting parties were employes of the bureau of engraving and printing, and were the rectificuts of a number of very valuable and handsome presents from their fellow employes.

July and August

are known to the trade as white shirt months, many persons purchasing enough at this season to last the whole year. Those sold by Henning have no superior in fit and wear, and many have borne testimony that they were better suited than they had been before even when made specially to measure. His 81 open back shirts are provided with an attachment to prevent the sind button rubbing the back of the neck, and the open-front pleated bosoms at the same price are entirely finished, save buttons and holes. For sale at No. 419 Seventh street.

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An Effective Navy.

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